

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. BOX 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/508,094	06/02/2000	CLAUDEJOLY	P65124US0	5209	•
136 7	7590 07/11/2003				
JACOBSON HOLMAN PLLC			EXAMINER		
SUITE 600	I STREET N.W.		THORNTON, KRISANNE		•
WASHINGTON, DC 20004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	1
			1744	10	
			DATE MAILED: 07/11/2003	E/	
				10	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		48				
"	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	09/508,094	JOLY, CLAUDE				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Krisanne M. Thornton	1744				
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondenc address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replication of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period via Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute. - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron , cause the application to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. & 133).				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07</u> A	April 2003					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is action is non-final.	•				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application	L.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		·				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	oted or b) objected to by the Exa	aminer.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	_is: a)□ approved b)□ disappr	oved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	ply to this Office action.					
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicat	ion No				
3.⊠ Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	· ·				
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	•					
a) The translation of the foreign language pro	visional application has been red	ceived.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office Ac	tion Summary	Part of Paper No. 10				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The claims have been amended to recited "significant quantities of nitrogen", however, the specification as originally filed, fails to define or disclose that which would constitute "significant quantities of nitrogen".

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

With respect to claims 1 and 8, the use of "significant" is found to be vague and indefinite because it is unclear as to what would actually constitute "significant".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2, 4-5 and 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Zibrida U.S. patent No. 4,689,156.

Zibrida clearly teaches waste water treatment with the addition of an alkaline reagent of lime to achieve a pH of around 10.5, followed by a gas stripping and with repetition of the stages. Se column 2, lines 64 through column 3, lines 43 and column 4, lines 13-36.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness

Claims 3, 6 and 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zibrida.

Zibrida is silent as to the concentration of the lime and the presence of an antifoam agent, however, it would have been well within the purview of one of ordinary skill in the art to determine the optimum concentration of lime needed for appropriate treatment of the waste water, and for the addition of the anti-foam agent for the known purpose of limiting foam which would be detrimental to reagent/waste/air contact.

With respect to claim 9, it would further have been well within the purview of one of ordinary skill in the art to employ pH monitors because Zibrida clearly teaches that maintenance of the designated pH is necessary for effective treatment and may require further additions during the process. See column 3, lines 59-68.

Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zibrida as applied to claims 1-10 above, and further in view of Klingspor et al., U. S. patent No. 5,653,149.

Klingspor et al., clearly teach the known and expected use of centrifugal (or cyclone) nozzles in the treatment of effluent. See column 7, lines 35-47.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ centrifugal nozzles as taught in Klingspor et al., in the system of Zibrida for the known and expected provision of efficient air supply and agitation.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 4/7/2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Zibrida requires heating and thus one of ordinary skill in the art would not look to Zibrida for teachings because it would utilize too much energy, however, the Examiner would point out that nothing in Applicant's claims exclude the use of heat. The Examiner would further disagree with Applicant's blanket exclusion of Zibrida for teachings, because the expending of energy does not eliminate the credence of the teachings within the reference.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisanne M. Thornton whose telephone number is 703-308-3914. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Wed. 6:30am-4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J. Warden can be reached on 703-308-2920. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-7718 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

KRISANNE THORNTON PRIMARY EXAMINER

July 11, 2003